41. Active Teaching- Learning Practice Muralidharan. K, Harini. K

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1. Creativity in teaching method

stimulate creative Tools thinking leading to innovations like playful games or forms of visual exercises that will excite young minds and capture their interest. It is a timetested aspect in order to identify and encourage each and every young student's creative abilities, contributions and freedom to explore. Bring aspects of creativity into all difficult subjects like Physics/Maths/Chemistry/ History through graphical representation of complex equations with the help of smartboards will provide ways to develop their creative ideas and better understanding.

2. Use of Audio & Video Tools

Incorporate audio-visual materials to supplement textbooks during your sessions help to improve imagination thrive and better understanding. These can be models, filmstrips, movies, pictures, infographics or other mind mapping and brain mapping tools. These not only develop their ability to listen but will also help students to understand the concepts in an efficient

manner. Conducting live online discussion or playback recording of public lectures for better understanding.

3. Learning through "Real-Time examples"

Providing Real-world examples in lecture will make teaching moments more interesting and develop classroom learning. Demonstrations and relating concepts through real-lifetime situations will improve better understanding and easy learning. It will spark their interest and get the children excited and involved.

4. Brainstorming

These sessions are a great way to get the creative juices flowing among students. Students get multiple ideas for a problem as multiple brains focusing on one single idea, which ensures numerous ideas and will also involve everyone into the discussion. These sessions will be a great platform for students to voice their thoughts without having to worry about right or wrong, which also encourage students to get rid of stage fears.

5. Going beyond the classroom learning

Organize field trips which are relevant to the lessons or taking students for a walk outside of the classroom make them to learn more than classroom teaching. Some lessons are best learnt, when they are taught outside of the classroom. Without taking much effort students will be excited, feel fresh to learn and remember what has been taught. Education should make children aware of the world and themselves, widen their perspective, and make them seek the truth. Children gain more knowledge when they see and experience history in museums than being taught the same in the class. The various innovations and the creative endeavors of the teachers are making classrooms zones of great activity and intellectual rigour.

6. Role Playing

Role-play is a technique that allows students to explore realistic situations by interacting with other people in a managed way in order to develop experience and trial different strategies in a supported environment. The role-playing approach will make students for better understanding especially while teaching literature, History, everyday task or current events. It is a best way to make students step out from their comfort zone and develop interpersonal skills. Role playing is more effective for students of all age.

7. Storyboard Teaching

Storyboarding is a great way to teach any subject which requires step-by-step memorization or visualization highly-conceptual ideas especially History teachers can use storyboard to recreate events in the form of stories, it would never be forgotten. Such activities are visually registered and even

complex ideas were easily taught among students. Storyboards can also be shown among students and make them to tell stories using their imagination which in turn improve their way of communication and creative skills.

8. Cooperative Learning Environment

Creating a cooperative learning environment has both a positive social and educational impact on each participating student. Successful learning environments also require that learning objectives be relevant to your students and their lives outside of the classroom. Without the ability to explore how information applies to daily life, your students are less likely to engage in their lessons and commit that information to memory. A classroom environment should be well-decorated, fun filled and engaging students to think and learn better. A creative environment will support them explore and encourage to learn subject.

9. Broad mind attitude

An open-minded or broad-minded attitude can help the students in innovating new teaching methods. Evaluate our self and make sure that you try out new innovative ideas in the classroom.

10. Passion towards teaching

Teachers with passion inspire students. Students get interested and even excited about what they are learning if they are inspired by our teaching which could even make them learn more. If teachers are interested in what they are teach then they could things more interesting for their students. It just requires a little more work, a little more imagination, and maybe even a little acting ability.

11. Team effort

Team or group work in a classroom teaches students the fundamental skills associated with working as a collective unit toward a common goal. Collaborative effort is always immense and improves quality think. Spending some quality time with your colleagues and sharing experiences will improve quality teaching. We can also share our views on improving teaching methods which helps us to come up with interesting ideas in innovative teaching. This also helps in improving our working skills.

12. Peer teaching

Peer learning is a two-way process whereby students learn from each other by sharing ideas, knowledge and experience. Peer learning is still a fairly new concept within a school or tutoring setting, but there are many benefits to this way of learning, as students can accelerate their learning by discussing their ideas with other students and taking part in peer to peer activities. Student engagement can be vastly improved as students become active learners rather than passive.